What “Counts” as Poverty?

According to the federal government, poverty is a single person earning $12,060 or less per year. This equals $1,005 per month. In Arkansas,

- 477,100 Arkansans live at or below the Federal Poverty Level
- 667,700 Arkansans live between 100-199% of the Federal Poverty Level

Who Qualifies for Medicaid?

- In Arkansas, individuals with incomes above $16,642 cannot qualify for Medicaid.
- Medicaid is the primary source of health care for people living with mental illness and a growing resource for people living with addiction.

The Real Costs of Living in Little Rock, AR

A no-frills budget, excluding health care costs, for an individual in Little Rock is $24,636.

The cost of living in rural Arkansas is $104 less per month.

Real Numbers, Hard Math

Federal Poverty Level Income: $12,060
No Frills Cost of Living: ($24,636)

- $12,576
Many states, including Arkansas, have increased cost-sharing requirements for Medicaid recipients. Cost sharing can include copayments, cost-sharing and monthly premiums.

For people with significant health care needs and who are living in poverty, cost-sharing can prevent access to effective and essential services.

After increasing cost-sharing in Oregon and Wisconsin, significant numbers of people left the health care program and resorted to the emergency room for care. Further, the administrative costs of the program may exceed the funds received from enrollees.

Serious Mental Illness and Substance Use Disorders

More than 1 in 5 uninsured adults with an opioid addiction have a serious mental illness.

Nationally, uninsured adults are less likely to have received treatment for addiction than those covered by Medicaid, and drug addiction is the leading cause of accidental death in the U.S.

In Arkansas, over 152,000 people have a serious mental illness, including schizophrenia, bipolar disorder or depression. These conditions often impact a person's ability to communicate with others, take care of themselves, and understand the world around them.

By 2015, over 2 million people were addicted to prescription opioids and 591,000 people were addicted to heroin. In Arkansas alone, 392 people lost their lives to drug overdoses, an increase of nearly 10 percent over the previous year.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)

People diagnosed with a serious mental illness often qualify for Medicaid through their eligibility for Social Security disability benefits. Individuals who qualify for SSDI receive on average $13,578 per year, and those who qualify for SSI receive up to $8,820 per year. SSDI and SSI are provided to individuals who cannot work due to a serious medical or mental illness, condition, or injury. In most states, eligibility for SSI confers eligibility for Medicaid. Generally, SSDI recipients are eligible for Medicare after two years, but may also qualify for Medicaid.