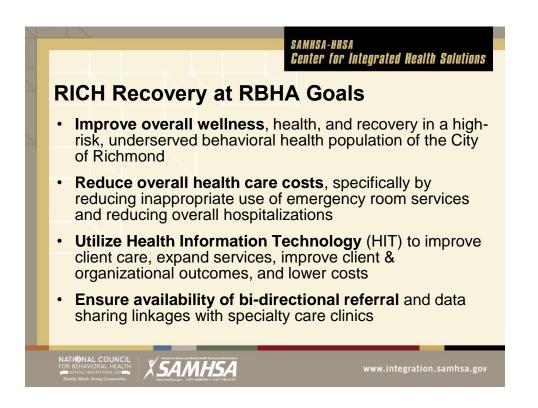
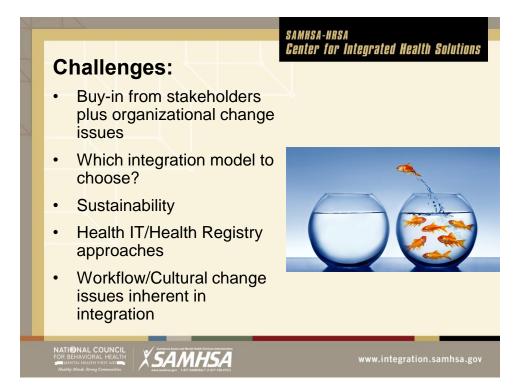


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4	Challenges in RBHA's Community			
	Poverty Indicators and Indicators of Health Care Disparities	Number of Residents of the City of Richmond	Percentage (%) of the Total Population of the City of Richmond	
	Low Income (less than \$25,000) Households	28,553	35%	
	2010 Estimated Total Population in Poverty	48,830	24%	
	Uninsured Adults 19-64 Total	29,709	22%	
	Uninsured Children Total	3,971	9%	
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Coordinated	Co-Located	Integrated
Routine screening for behavioral health problems in primary care setting	Medical services and behavioral health services located in same facility	Medical/Behavioral health services located in same or separate facilities
Referral relationship between primary care and behavioral health settings	Referral process for medical cases to be seen by behavioral specialists	One treatment plan with both medical and behavioral elements
Routine exchange of information between both treatment settings to bridge cultural differences	Enhanced information communication between PCP and the behavioral health provider due to proximity	Typically, a team working together to deliver care
PCP to deliver behavioral health interventions using brief algorithms	Consultation between the behavioral health/medical health providers to increase skills of both groups	Teams composed of a physician and one or more o PA, nurse, case manager, QMHP
Connections made between the patient resources in the community	Significant reduction of 'no shows' for behavioral health treatment RBHA Integrated Model	Use of a database to track care of patients who are screened into behavioral health services.

