

Trauma-Informed Physical Assessment

TRAUMA-INFORMED, RESILIENCE-ORIENTED AND EQUITABLE SCREENING AND ASSESSMENT TRAINING SERIES



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Today's Presenter

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Pronouns: She/Her/Hers

Consultant, Trauma Informed, Resilience-Oriented Services
National Council for Mental Wellbeing





















Moment to arrive

Overview

- Understand the components of a trauma-informed physical exam
- Manifest safety through prioritization of conversation and attunement
- Explore the elements of collaborative documentation



Trauma-Informed Care

A trauma-informed program, organization, or system:

Realizes

• *Realizes* the widespread impact of trauma and understands potential paths for recovery

Recognizes

 Recognizes signs and symptoms of trauma in patients, families, staff, and others involved in the system

Responds

• *Responds* by fully integrating knowledge about trauma into policies, procedures and practices

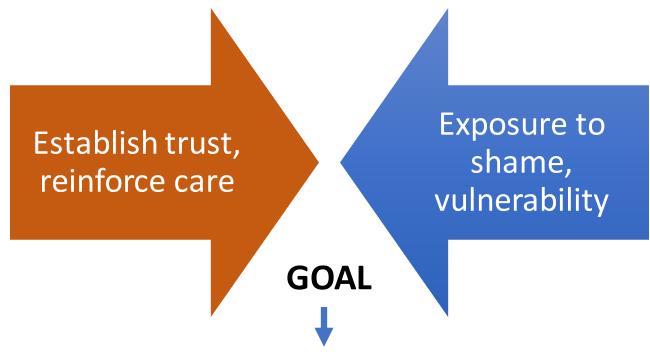
Resists

• Seeks to actively *resist* re-traumatization

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Physical Examination



Safe, comfortable experience for all clients, including those with a history of trauma

Patient Quotes

I blanked out during the exam. I don't know what happened. I'm not sure what the doctor did or didn't do.

I'm just a little jumpy when people come close to me.

The doctor was lingering way too long when touching me.

What Does Trauma Look Like?

Cannot assume who has experienced traumatic stress. The best way to identify trauma exposure is to ask!

Signs of trauma may include:

- Avoidance of procedures (Pap smear, colonoscopy, dental care)
- Vague, generalized symptoms (chronic headache, pelvic pain)
- Appearing nervous or distracted during visit
- Non-adherence to treatment





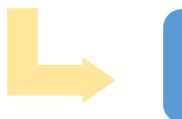
Trauma-Informed Physical Exam

Before

Set the stage for a sensitive exam



• Perform a sensitive exam



After

• Provide sensitive closure



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Before the Exam

Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone



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Non-Verbals

Speak clearly, slowly, and at an appropriate volume

Appear engaged, pleasant and calm

Maintain appropriate eye contact

Sit/stand at eye level with the patient

Avoid sudden movements

Keep hands outside of pockets

Pay attention to patient cues (i.e. tensing muscles, fidgeting, breathing quickly, flushing, crying, trembling, appearing distracted or spaced out)



What Should I Do If...

If the patient exhibits or vocalizes discomfort, pause the exam

Speak in a calm, caring manner

Avoid sudden movements

Reassure patient that they are safe

Remind patient where they are

Explain what you are doing and why

Offer water, a washcloth, and/or an additional drape

Consider changing environment (e.g. move to a different room)

What Should I Do If...

You seem anxious. Is there something you are uncomfortable with? Do you have difficulty when someone touches your knees?

I'm noticing that you are tensing up. Is there something I should know?



Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone

I'd like to transition to the physical exam. We will be doing a pulmonary exam today, so I will be listening to the lungs. This exam should take about 5 minutes.



Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone

This is something that I do with all of my patients who come in with symptoms of a cold.



Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone

Are there questions or concerns we should address before the exam?



Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone

Is there anything I can do to make you more comfortable?



Check non-verbals

Set an agenda

Make it standard

Identify concerns

Ask about comfort

Offer chaperone

Would you like anyone else to be present for the exam?





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During the Exam

Attend to draping and modesty

Introduce exam components

Explain why

Ask permission

Stay within eyesight

Respect personal space

Use simple, clinical language

Check in

Use professional touch

Be efficient





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In order for me to do an accurate exam of the lungs, I'll need to listen with my stethoscope directly on the skin.





Attend to draping and modesty

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Be efficient

I'm going to leave the room and allow you to change. Please remove the shirt, and you can keep the bra on. Here's a gown for you to wear; it opens in the back. I'll be back in a few minutes. I'll knock before I come in.





Draping and Modesty

Give clear, specific instructions

Refer to the "gown" (what the patient wears) and the "drape" (the sheet over their lap)

If possible, provide fabric gowns in a variety of sizes, as patients feel this preserves their dignity more than paper gowns

Patient moves their own gown and/or drape when possible

Allow patients to wear clothing on body parts that are not being examined (e.g. keep pants on for an ankle exam)

For a limited exam, consider asking patient to move their clothing rather than disrobing (e.g. patient lifts back of shirt up to reveal a skin lesion on the lower back)



Draping and Modesty

Privacy when undressing (may use curtain and/or door)

Expose only the minimum body surface area required at any given time

Do not assume that all men are comfortable baring a full chest

Provide tissues as needed following a pelvic or rectal examination where lubrication is used

Patient re-dresses privately once exam is finished

Knock before re-entering the room, ensuring an affirmative patient response before opening the door (e.g. "all set")

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I am now going to listen to the lungs, using my stethoscope.





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This is important because we need to see if you have pneumonia, which is an infection of the lungs.





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May I open the gown from the back slightly, in order to get a better listen to the lungs?





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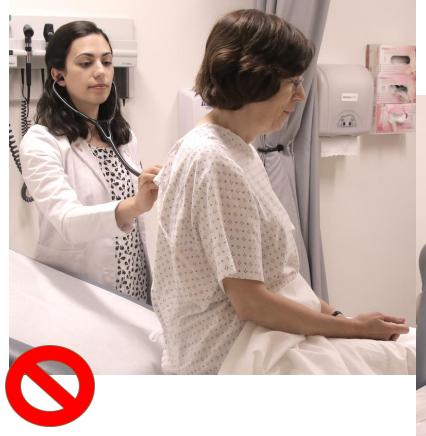
Use professional touch

Be efficient

I'm going to stand at your side.





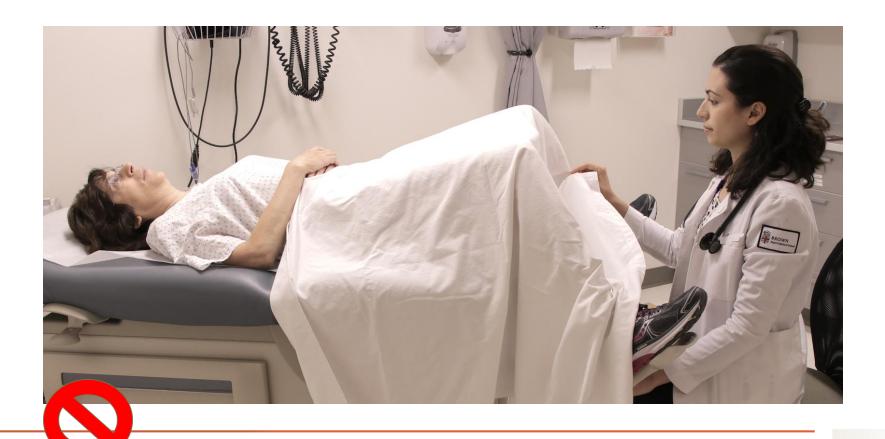




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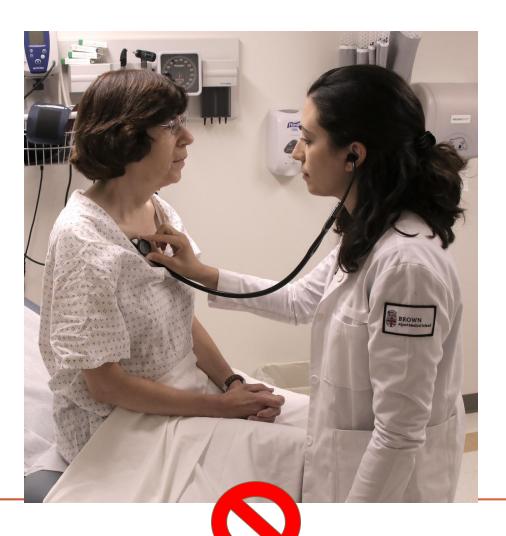
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Use professional touch

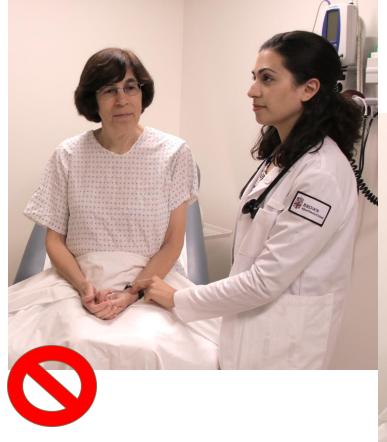
Be efficient







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With the mouth open, take some deep breaths in and out.





Easy to understand

Avoids medical jargon

Cautious with imagery; you never know what might be triggering

Avoids all possible sexual connotation

Minimizes power differential between patient and provider

Accommodates patients who speak other languages

Word choice is professional, not personal

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"Your"

"Butt"

"Bed"

"Provocative tests"



"The"

"Bottom"

"Exam table"

"Additional tests"

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"Normal"
"Stirrups"
"That looks good"



"Healthy"

"Foot rests"

"That looks healthy"

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"I want to"
"Look at"
"Feel", Touch"



"I am going to"
"Inspect"
"Examine", "Evaluate"

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"Don't let me"
"Push me away"
"Push my finger out"
"Put up your arms like
you're going to fight"



"Resist this motion"

"Push forward"

"Bear down"

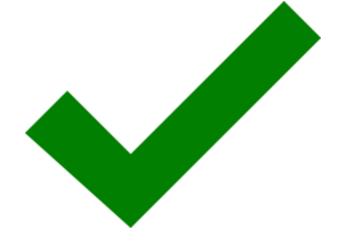
"Bend the elbows"

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"Pretend you're at the beach"

"Relax. Relax. Relax!"



"Some find it helpful to a deep, relaxing breath"

"Allow the knees to relax"

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"For me"
"Swallow for me"



(nothing)

"I'm going to place my hands on the neck to examine the thyroid.

When you can, please swallow."

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How are you doing?





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Professional Touch

Consider a firm touch on the shoulder when...

- reaching behind a patient (e.g. to grab an otoscope) so they still know where you are
- Auscultating the posterior lung fields, to avoid surprise of touch

Prior to an internal vaginal/rectal exam: "You're going to feel my hand on the thigh/buttocks"

Prepare patients for different sensations:

- "This is a tuning fork that will feel like a vibration"
- "The speculum may feel cold"





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That concludes the exam.
I'm going to step out now,
and you can get dressed. I'll
be back in a few minutes so
that we can discuss your
results and come up with a
plan together. I'll knock
before I come in.

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Be Efficient

Inform patient how long an exam will take beforehand

Avoid keeping BP cuff inflated for too long, as it can resemble a restraint

Take breaks during any exam where mouth is in fixed, open position, to avoid triggering memories of prior abuse

Ask the patient to show you a genital lesion; taking time to find it yourself may take too long and can be uncomfortable for patient and provider





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After the Exam

Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions



Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions





Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions

Thanks very much for coming to this appointment and for helping me perform a thorough physical exam.



Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions

The lungs sound clear, which is good news. You do not need a chest x-ray, and you do not have pneumonia.



Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions

(Alternatively). I did hear some crackling noises over the right side of the lungs. We sometimes hear this in patients with pneumonia. I'll discuss this with my mentor. We might get a chest x-ray, just to be sure.



Express thanks

Discuss results

Ask for questions

What questions do you have?



BEFORE the exam:

- Check non-verbals
- Set an agenda
- Make it standard
- Identify concerns
- Ask about comfort
- Offer chaperone

DURING the exam:

- Attend to draping and modesty
- Introduce exam components
- Explain why
- Ask permission
- Stay within eyesight
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AFTER the exam:

- Express thanks
- Discuss results
- Ask for questions



Questions & Answers