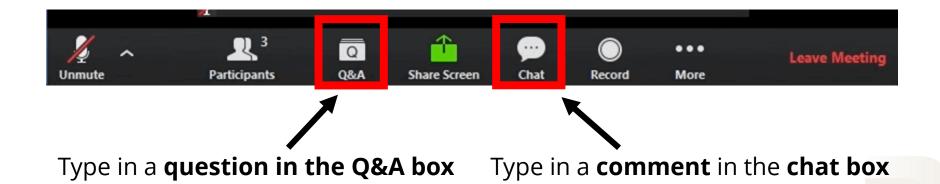


# Advancing Rural Health Equity through Integrated Care ECHO Session 3

Wednesday, February 16, 2022 11:30am-1:00pm ET

## How to Ask a Question/Make a Comment



Located at the bottom of your screen.

We'll answer as many questions as we can during today's session.



### Disclaimer

The views, opinions, and content expressed in this presentation do not necessarily reflect the views, opinions, or policies of the Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).



Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

www.samhsa.gov

## Welcome from the National Council for Mental Wellbeing!

**3,300+ health care** organizations serving over 10 million adults, children, and families living with mental illnesses and addictions.

- Advocacy
- Education
- Technical Assistance

council for Mental Wellbeing

### **Introductions**



Carolyn Rekerdres, MD
Medical Director, East Texas
Behavioral Health Network,
NE Region,
National Council for Mental
Wellbeing, Medical Director
Institute



Christina Arredondo, MD

Medical Director of Behavioral
Health, El Rio Community Health
Center, National Council for
Mental Wellbeing, Medical
Director Institute



Shauna Reitmeier, MSW, LGSW
CEO, Northwestern Mental
Health Center,
National Council for Mental
Wellbeing, National Board

### **Introductions**



Danica Love
Brown, MSW, PhD
Choctaw Nation of
Oklahoma
Northwest Portland
Area Indian Health

Board,

Behavioral Health Programs Director



Kait Hirchak, PhD

Eastern Shoshone
Assistant Research
Professor, University of
Washington



Thomasine
Heitkamp, MSSW
Professor, University of
North Dakota



Dennis Mohatt,
MA
Vice President for
Behavioral Health,
Western Interstate
Commission for Higher
Education

national council for Mental Wellbeing

### Curriculum

Month	Session Topic
November	Session 1: Structural Urbanism and its Impact on Rural Health Outcomes
December	Session 2: Identifying equitable approaches and providing culturally responsive services to those most in need in rural communities
February	Session 3: Improving capacity of primary care provider organizations to address mental health and substance use needs
March	Session 4: Innovative community partnerships to improve mental health and substance use service delivery and reach
April	Session 5: Innovative approaches to improving workforce capacity and wellbeing for rural health providers
May	Session 6: Sustainability considerations and opportunities (funding, local policy and advocacy, etc.)

### Safe Space Guidelines

#### **Setting the Foundation**

- We have been socialized to believe that it is not polite and not always comfortable to talk about health and racial equity and social determinants.
- We ask ourselves and participants to be mindful of assumptions and biases during this presentation.
- We ask ourselves and participants to be aware of multiple identities, backgrounds and perspectives in our virtual space.

#### **Requests**

- Be present & avoid multi-tasking
- Respect
- Listen to understand
- Time Out
- One person speaks at a time





### Who is in the Room?

## Share in the chat your **Name, Title, Organization and State**



rational council for Mental Wellbeing

#### Didactic Presentation:

Improving Capacity of Primary Care Provider Organizations to Address Mental Health and Substance Use Needs

Christina Arredondo, MD

Medical Director of Behavioral Health, El Rio Community Health Center, National Council for Mental Wellbeing, Medical Director Institute

### Learning Objectives for Today

#### After this webinar, participants will be able to:

- Understand the need for and rationale for enhanced primary care in rural settings
- Review and understand the different levels of integrated care.
- Understand the components of effective Team-based Care and how to leverage the model within your organization.
- Access resources, trainings, and additional information to assist you in advancing integrated care within your organization.









### Rural Integrated Health Strategies

Christina Arredondo, MD El Rio Community Health Center, Specialty BH Intermountain, Desert Palms Clinic

#### SCOPE OF THE PROBLEM

- •ACA appropriated money for Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI) to spend on developing and testing innovative payment and delivery systems
- Many of these reforms assumed infrastructure and capacity not always supported in rural communities.
- •Services are variable and problems of scale limit the feasibility of investing in needed infrastructure, including health information technology and workforce.

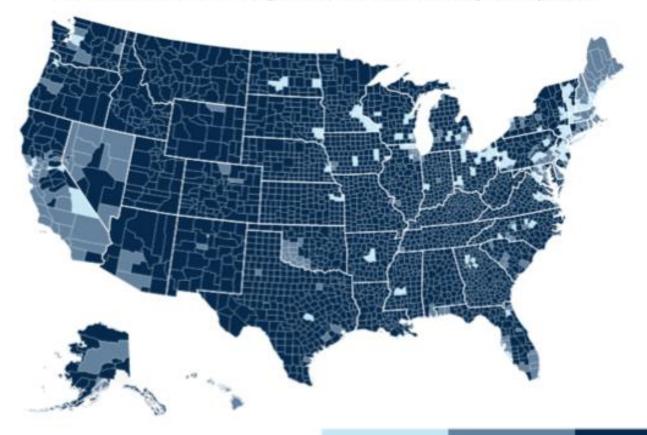








#### Health Professional Shortage Areas: Mental Health, by County, 2022



None of county is shortage area Part of county is shortage area Whole county is shortage area



Source: data.HRSA.gov, January 2022.

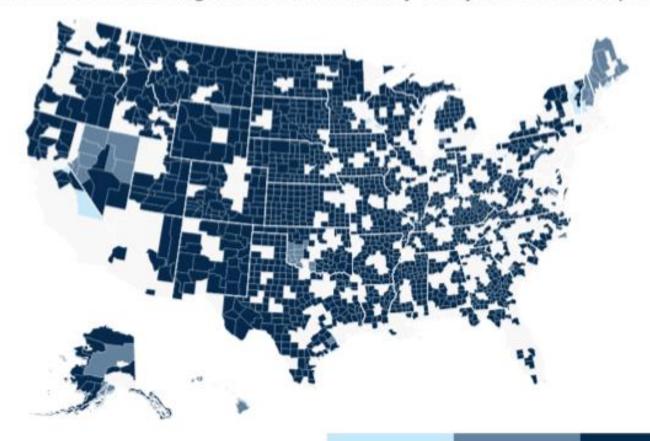








#### Health Professional Shortage Areas: Mental Health, by County, 2022 - Nonmetropolitan



None of county is shortage area Part of county is shortage area Whole county is shortage area



Source: data.HRSA.gov, January 2022.









#### OUTLINE

- Models of Integrated Health
  - Collaborative Care Model
  - Co-located Services
  - Telemedicine
- Models for Accessing services
  - •211
  - Mental Health First Aid
- Resources







### **Integrated Health Models**







Table 1. Six Levels of Collaboration/Integration (Core Descriptions)

COORDINATED KEY ELEMENT: COMMUNICATION		CO LOCATED KEY ELEMENT: PHYSICAL PROXIMITY		INTEGRATED KEY ELEMENT: PRACTICE CHANGE	
LEVEL 1 Minimal Collaboration	LEVEL 2 Besic Collaboration at a Distance	LEVEL 3 Basic Collaboration Onsite	LEVEL 4 Close Collaboration Onsite with Some System Integration	LEVEL 5 Close Collaboration Approaching an Integrated Practice	LEVEL 6 Full Collaboration in a Transformed/ Merged Integrated Practice
		oral health, primary care an	d other healthcare provide	rs work:	
In separate facilities, where they:	In separate facilities, where they:	In same facility not necessarily same offices, where they:	In same space within the same facility, where they:	In same space within the same facility (some shared space), where they:	In same space within the same facility, sharing all practice space, where they:
Have separate systems     Communicate about cases only rarely and under compelling circumstances     Communicate, driven by provider need     May never meet in person     Have limited understanding of each other's roles	Have separate systems     Communicate periodically about shared patients     Communicate, driven by specific patient issues     May meet as part of larger community     Appreciate each other's roles as resources	Have separate systems     Communicate regularly about shared patients, by phone or e-mail     Collaborate, driven by need for each other's services and more reliable referral     Meet occasionally to discuss cases due to close proximity     Feel part of a larger yet non-formal team	Share some systems, like scheduling or medical records  Communicate in person as needed  Collaborate, driven by need for consultation and coordinated plans for difficult patients  Have regular face-to-face interactions about some patients  Have a basic understanding of roles and culture	Actively seek system solutions together or develop work-a-rounds     Communicate frequently in person     Collaborate, driven by desire to be a member of the care team     Have regular team meetings to discuss overall patient care and specific patient issues     Have an in-depth understanding of roles and culture	Have resolved most or all system issues, functioning as one integrated system     Communicate consistently at the system, team and individual levels     Collaborate, driven by shared concept of team care     Have formal and informal meetings to support integrated model of care     Have roles and cultures that blur or blend

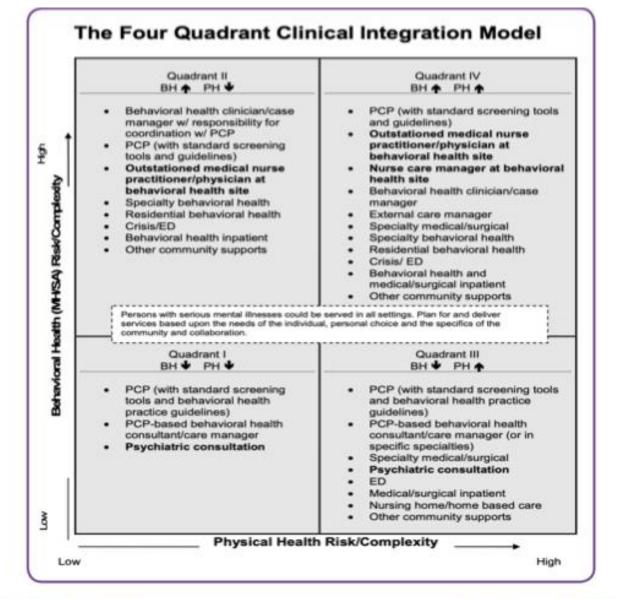














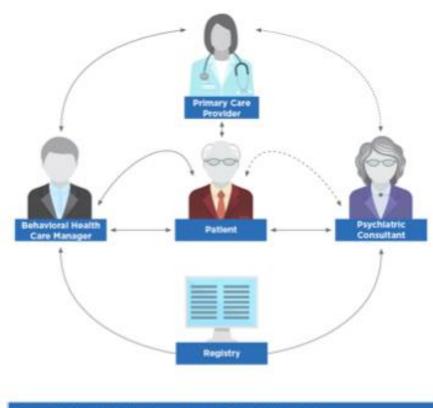






### **COLLABORATIVE CARE MODEL**

Primary primary care provider led team
Includes BH CM and Psychiatric consultant
Significant improvement in symptoms
Psychiatrist-BHCM meet weekly
Recommendations made to PCP
BHCM engages patients
BHCM provides targeted interventions
Psychiatrist can do eval if needed















### PATIENT NAVIGATOR

- Can liaison between primary care and and behavioral health staff in co-located clinics
- Identifies those that need either primary care and behavioral health services and which is needed at that time
- Daily communications between the departments/organization, handles patient needs, participates in team meetings









### **TELEMEDICINE**

- IN CLINIC
- CONSORTIUM
- HUB-AND-SPOKE
  - University of Kansas Medical Center's Telehealth ROCKS program









## MODELS FOR ACCESSING SERVICES









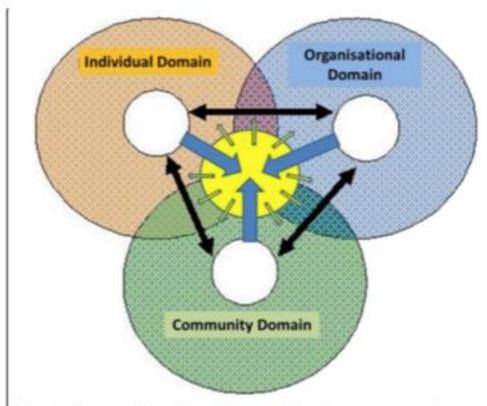


Fig. 1 Conceptual health workforce and health service model: Needs, concerns and influence (Adapted from Schoo et al. [20])

 Schoo, Lawn, S., & Carson, D. (2016). Towards equity and sustainability of rural and remote health services access: supporting social capital and integrated organisational and professional









#### National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities Research Framework

		Levels of Influence*						
		Individual	Interpersonal	Community	Societal			
Domains of Influence (Over the Lifecourse)	Biological	Biological Vulnerability and Mechanisms	Caregiver-Child Interaction Family Microbiome	Community Illness Exposure Herd Immunity	Sanitation Immunization Pathogen Exposure			
	Behavioral	Health Behaviors Coping Strategies	Family Functioning School/Work Functioning	Community Functioning	Policies and Laws			
	Physical/Built Environment	Personal Environment	Household Environment School/Work Environment	Community Environment Community Resources	Societal Structure			
	Sociocultural Environment	Sociodemographics Limited English Cultural Identity Response to Discrimination	Social Networks Family/Peer Norms Interpersonal Discrimination	Community Norms Local Structural Discrimination	Social Norms Societal Structural Discrimination			
	Health Care System	Insurance Coverage Health Literacy Treatment Preferences	Patient-Clinician Relationship Medical Decision-Making	Availability of Services Safety Net Services	Quality of Care Health Care Policies			
Health Outcomes		Individual Health	Family/ Organizational Health	Community	Population Health			

National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities, 2018

'Health Disparity Populations: Race/Ethnicity, Low SES, Rural, Sexual/Gender Minority
Other Fundamental Characteristics: Sex/Gender. Disability. Geographic Region











- Skills based training for the community
- Teaches how to identify and respond to mental health crisis
- •8 hour training course, can be certified to be a trainer
- Developed in 2001 and adapted world-wide









#### How Mental Health First Aid for Rural Communities Can Help









Reduces stigma

Increases mental health and substance use literacy.

Teaches an action plan to identify and respond to signs of mental illness or addiction in rural communities.

Encourages an open dialogue about mental health in rural communities.

2.1.1

Get Connected. Get Help.\\*

**Get Help** 

### Help starts here

211 connects you to expert, caring help. Every call is completely confidential.



Call 211 for help

Can't call us? Find a local 211











- Different ways to utilize the service: text, chat, call, search online
- Disaster resources, food and shelter, mental health crisis, employment supports, elderly and disability supports
- Speak to a live person









#### 2020 IMPACT

#### Millions Served

People can contact 211 by phone, text, and online. In 2020, the 211 network:

- Answered more than 18.5 million phone calls
- Responded to more than 1.5 million texts, web chats and emails
- Made more than 27.8 million total connections to help.
- Was designated by governors and health departments in 32 states as the official COVID-19 resource line.









#### **Rural Community Health Gateway**

The <u>Federal Office of Rural Health Policy</u> (FORHP) supports a range of programs and tools to help rural communities improve the health of their residents. This section highlights a number of these resources.



#### STEP 1: Identifying an Intervention

You've identified a need in your community but are unsure of how to address it.



#### STEP 2:

#### Funding an Intervention

You've identified a rural health intervention but are unsure how to fund it.



#### STEP 3:

#### **Evaluation and Sustainability**

You want to make sure that the program you're planning will last and meet the needs of your community and your funder.



#### STEP 4:

#### Dissemination

You want to share your experience with other rural stakeholders and help build the rural evidence base.









### Resources

- <u>Six Levels of Integrated Care</u> (currently being revised)
- Quick Start Guide to Behavioral Health Integration
- General Health Integration Framework
- High-functioning Behavioral Health Team-based Care
- MAT Readiness and Implementation Toolkit
- SBIRT Change Package
- Free online trainings on Integrated Care
- Rural health Info
- AIMS Center

### Questions, Comments?



#### **Case Presentation**

Annette Darkenwald, LCSW, MSW, BHC Health Program Coordinator & Jenni Leininger,
RN, Regional Clinical Coordinator
Billings Clinic Regional Network (MT)

Our health system consists of a large tertiary hospital and a network of 15 affiliated (but independent) Critical Access Hospitals. All members of the network are having difficulties with employee retention and recruitment, especially staff providing bedside care. All members continue to face challenges in supporting the wellbeing and mental health needs in our community. As we struggle to meet the needs of our patients, we have become acutely aware that our employees are suffering. Several member facilities of our health system have experienced employee suicides, and all are concerned with the mental health of the workforce. Member sites feel that finding ways to provide resources for employee mental health needs and address secondary trauma experienced on the job is of the upmost importance for resilience and wellbeing.

The large tertiary health center has an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) that is overwhelmed by current demand, resulting in delays in providing counseling and other services to employees. Most of the Critical Access hospitals in the network do not offer EAP.

#### **Main Question:**

Have health systems used integrated behavioral health resources to quickly address employee crisis and mental health needs?

### Open Discussion in Breakout Groups



### **Discussion Conclusion**



### What's next?

**Next Session (Session 4) March 16**, 11:30am-1pm ET **Topic:** Innovative community partnerships to improve mental health and substance use service delivery and reach

#### Resources

- PRISM Collaborative —Culturally Adapted Evidence-Based Substance
   Use Disorder Treatment for American Indian and Alaska Natives
- Project ECHO
- Mental Health and Rural America: Challenges and Opportunities
- Mountain Plains Prevention Technology Transfer Network
- Mountain Plains Addiction Technology Transfer Network
- Mountain Plains Mental Health Technology Transfer Network
- National Association for Rural Mental Health
- National Rural Health Association
- National Association for Rural School Mental Health
- Rewarding Recovery Study



### **Upcoming CoE Events:**

**CoE Office Hours:** Understanding Black & African American Experiences in Mental Health & Substance Use Services

Register for the office hour on Thursday Feb. 17, 3-4pm ET

Webinar: Integrated Care: Charting a Path Forward

Register for the webinar on Thursday Feb. 24, 1-2pm ET

Webinar: Advancing General Health Integration in Community Behavioral Health

Register for the webinar on Monday Feb. 28, 12-1pm ET

Interested in an individual consultation with the CoE experts on integrated care?

Contact us through this form here!

Looking for free trainings and credits?

Check out integrated health trainings from Relias here

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### Thank You

#### **Questions?**

Email paulaz@thenationalcouncil.org

SAMHSA's Mission is to reduce the impact of substance abuse and mental illness on America's communities.

#### www.samhsa.gov

1-877-SAMHSA-7 (1-877-726-4727) 1-800-487-4889 (TDD)